

To achieve the universalization of elementary education, the government has started numerous projects and programs under the National Policy of Education. The main aim of these schemes is to improve access to quality education, learning capacity and cognitive development. Some of the schemes are:

- 1. Samagra Shiksha an overarching programme for the school education sector extending from pre-school to class 12 has been proposed by the Union Budget for holistic school education in 2018-19. It subsumes the three erstwhile Schemes of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) and Teacher Education (TE). The vision of the Scheme is to ensure inclusive and equitable quality education from pre-school to senior secondary stage in accordance with the Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) for Education.
- 2. National Program for Education of Girls at Elementary Education (NPEGEL) aims to reach girls, not enrolled in schools. The main focus of this program is to break gender stereotypes and to make sure girls get a good education at the elementary level.
- 3. Mid-day Meal Scheme: Otherwise known as the National Programme of Nutritional Support to Primary Education, this plan was launched in 1995 to provide mid-day meals to children studying in primary class. The main objective was to eliminate classroom hunger of children and to increase school attendance and enrolment of children. It also addresses the issue of inadequate and improper nutrition among children.

National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme (NMMSS) - The Central Sector Scheme -National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme -was launched in May, 2008 with the objective of awarding scholarships to meritorious students of economically weaker sections @ Rs. 500/-

per month (i.e. Rs. 6000/- per annum) to arrest their drop out at class VIII and encourage them to continue study at secondary and higher secondary stage up to class XII. Government has enhanced the rate of the scholarship under the scheme from Rs. 500/- per month (Rs. 6000/- per annum) to Rs. 1,000/- per month (Rs. 12000/- per annum) with effect from 1st April, 2017. There is a quota of scholarships for different States/UTs based on population and enrolment. Students whose parental annual income from all sources is not more than Rs. 1,50,000/- per annum are eligible to avail the scholarships.

National Scheme of Incentive to Girls for Secondary Education(NSIGSE) -The centrally sponsored was launched in May 2008. The objective of the scheme is to establish an enabling environment to reduce drop outs and to promote the enrolment of girl child belonging to SC/ST communities in secondary schools and ensure their retention. The scheme covers (i) all girls belonging to SC/ST communities who pass class VIII and (ii) all girls who pass VIII examination from Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas (irrespective of whether they belong to SC/ST) and enroll in class IX in State Government, Government-aided and Local Body schools. A sum of Rs.3000/- is deposited in the name of eligible unmarried girls as fixed deposit on enrolment in class IX, who are entitled to withdraw it along with interest thereon upon reaching 18 years of age and passing class 10th class examination. The scheme is boarded-on National Scholarship Portal and covered under the Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT).

Convergence: The ministry with MoPR will aim to eradicate the illiteracy and to provide the equal opportunities of education to all the section of the society. In convergence system panchayat raj institution can play the better role in identification of the beneficiaries. Elected representatives could spread awareness on importance of primary education for cognitive and physical development. Thereby ensuring reducing school dropout especially among girl children and improve 100% school attendance and learning outcomes. With Panchayats, line department could provide Higher Secondary facilities for girls, adequate School infrastructure with Sports facility and scope for Adult Education facilities at grassroots level.

PROVISIONS FOR SCHOOLS UNDER SAMAGRA SHIKSHA

(Activity-Wise Financial Norms)

Sl.No.	Activities	Programmatic Norms	Financial Norms
I) ACCESS AND RETENTION			
7)	Opening of New/Upgraded Schools Residential Schools/Hostels	 New/Upgraded schools from class 1 to 12th [New Primary/Upper Primary Schools asper the defined RTE neighborhood norms; Secondary Schools within 5 km radius & Higher Secondary within the radius of 7 to 10 Km. of everyhabitation]. Preference may be given to composite schools Support for reaching out to children in sparsely populated, or hilly anddensely forested areas with difficult geographical terrain and border areas where opening a new primary or upper primary school and Secondary/Higher Secondary schools may not be viable Urban deprived children, homeless andstreet children in difficult circumstances and without adult protection, who require not merely day schooling, but also lodging and boarding facilities 	
3	Strengthening of Existing Schools	 Provision for: ScienceandmathsLab,ComputerRoom,	Assistance for Recurring Expenditure including manpower deployment in new Higher Secondary Schools of up to (1) Rs. 50 lakh for one stream; (2) Rs. 65 lakh for 2 streams and (3) Rs. 80 lakh for 3 streams. For each additional stream in an existing senior secondary school, a recurring financial grant of Rs. 15 lakh per annum will be provided under thescheme.
4	Transport/Escort Facility	Provision for transport /escort facility for Children in remote habitations with sparse population where opening of schools is	Up to @ Rs. 6000/ per child per annum up to ClassXII

II) R	II) RTE ENTITLEMENTS				
5	Free Uniforms	Two sets of uniforms for all girls, and children belonging to SC/ST/BPL familiesø in Government schools up toclass VIII within a ceiling of Rs. 600/- per child per annum.			
6	Free Textbooks	Provision for textbooks to all children in Government/Local Body and Government aided schools, including Madarsas desirous of introducing the State curriculum, withinanupperceilingofRs.250/-perchildat primary level and Rs.400/- per child at upper primary level. Primers/textbooks developed for tribal languages with bridging materials to facilitate a transition to the Statelanguage of instruction and English, would be eligible for textbooks for classes I and II within the ceiling of Rs. 200/- perchild.			
	Reimbursement towards expenditure incurred for 25% of admissions under Section12(1)(c),RTEAct.	reimbursementneeds to be provided for admission of EWS students in	The reimbursement would be based on per child norms notified by the State/UTs for classes I to VIII subject to a maximum ceiling of 20% of the total AWP&B approved by the GOI for State/UTs under the Programme.		
	Special Training for age appropriate admission of out-of-school children (OoSC) at Elementary Level	children to enable a child, admitted to an	Up to Rs20, 000/- per child per annum for residential		

9	Media and Community Mobilization OUALITY INTERVENTION	 Capacity building and Support to SMCs/SDMCs Activities on enhance Community participation and monitoring for universal access, equity andquality Programmes for creating Awareness on RTE Act, Learning Outcomesetc. (Admissibility for Government Schools) 	Up to @Rs 1500 per school subject to specific plan
10	Libraries	Strengthening of school libraries including books	 a) Up to @ Rs. 3,000/- for primary school andRs.10,000/- for upper primaryschool. b) Up to @ Rs. 13,000/- for composite elementary schools (Class I to VIII) c) Up to @ Rs. 10,000/- for Secondaryschools. d) Up to @ Rs. 15,000/- for composite Secondary Schools (class 1 to 10th) e) Up to @ Rs.Rs.10,000/- higher Secondary school only (Class 11 to 12th). f) Up to @ Rs. 18,000/- for composite higher Secondary school (class 1 to 12th). These grants will be available on an annualbasis.

		School grant to all Government schools on	Composite Grant (for Go	vernment schools)		
		annual basis for the replacement of non-	There must be transparency in utilization and			
		functional school equipment and for incurring		provision for social Audit.		
		other recurring costs, such as consumables,	1			
		play material, games, sports equipment,	- ' '			
			Number of students in	School Grant *		
		laboratories, electricity charges, internet,	School	School Grant		
		water, teaching aids etc.	Ö100	Rs. 25000/-(including at-least		
			[[0100	_		
11	Composite school Cuant	To provide annual maintenance and repair of		Rs 2500 for swachhta action		
11	Composite school Grant	existing school building, toilets and other	100 500	plan).		
		facilities to upkeep the infrastructure in good	>100 to Ö250	Rs. 50,000/- (including at-least		
		condition.		Rs. 5000 for swachhta action		
				plan).		
			> 250 to Ö 1000	Rs. 75,000/- (including at-least		
				Rs 7500 for swachhta action		
				plan).		
			> 1000	Rs. 100,000/-(including at-least		
				Rs. 10000 for swachhta action		
				plan).		
		The component will cover classes VI to XII.	As per guidelines of ICT	@ schools scheme for schools		
		Flexibility to procure hardware such as tablets	having classes 6 to 12, w	hich provides for non-recurring		
		/	grant of up to Rs. 6.40 lak	th per school and recurring grant		
		laptops/notebooks/integratedteachinglearning	of upto Rs. 2.40 lakh per	school per annum for a periodof		
12	ICT and Digital	devicesandopensourceoperatingsystemaswell	5 years.			
	Initiatives	as Hardware, Software, training and resource				
		support. This would include support for smart				
		classrooms, virtual classrooms, digital boards				
		and DTH channels on pro-rata basis				
		fornumber				
		of schools approved.				

IV) GENDER AND EQUITY						
13	Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya (KGBV)	 KGBVs to be extended up to Class 12th for smooth transition of girls from Elementary to Senior Secondary. Priority will be given for up-gradation of KGBV where the Girlsø Hostel has been established. 				
V)	INCLUSIVE EDUCATION					
14	Provision for children with special needs (CWSN)	 a) The key thrust of Programme will be on providing inclusive education to all children with special needs in general schools. Funding will be based on data of CWSN provided underSDMIS. b) Programmewillalsosupportspecialtraining, education through open learning system, home schooling, wherever necessary, itinerant teaching, remedial teaching, community based rehabilitation (CBR)and vocational education. 	i.	Provision of up to Rs. 3000 children with special needs, government aided and local be proposal. This willinclude aids ar material, stipend for CWSN month for 10 months. Provision of special educators at crequirement and financial norms	studying in gody schools as adappliances,t girls @ Rs	government, perspecific eaching s. 200 per evelasper
VI)	VOCATIONALEDUCAT	ΓΙΟΝ				
15	Introduction of Vocational Education at Secondary and higher Secondary	 Vocational Education to be introduced as an integral part of general education at Secondary and Higher Secondary level as per guidelines of vocational education scheme. The vocational subjects are to be introduced as an additional subject at the secondary level and as compulsory (elective) at the higher secondary level. One/Two job roles may be covered in the span of 4 years based on content and notional hours. First job role may be completed in classes 9-10 and the other in classes 11-12. Further, some job roles which require longer duration of 	• (On Recurring ConstructionofWorkshop/laborato ScheduleofRate(SSOR)asperrequi Upto Rs. 5.0 lakh per school per jo Equipment including Furniture, Co Components	rementofStates ob role for Too omputers,etc.	s/UTs

 training will be completed in 4years. Onetime non-recurring grant for purchase of tools and equipments may be approved at the time of introduction of new jobroles. 	Financial support for One vocational teacher/trainerper job role (@ Rs. 20,000 - 25,000/-permonth)	12.00	6.00
	Provision for financial support for engaging resource persons including Skill Knowledge Providers, Coordinators, guest faculty including skilled, semiskilled rural artisans and crafts persons and administrative cost for VTPs, cost for assessment and selection of VTs up toRs. 1000 per VT etc.	2.50	1.25
Assessment. The assessment and certification costofRs.600perstudentmaybeapprovedfor 40 students per class per job role in classes 10 and 12.	Raw Materials, maintenance of tools and equipments purchase of books, software, e- learning material etc.	4.50	2.25
• The scheme will cover Government schools. Government aided schools, in those States/UTs whereGovt.Schoolshavealreadybeencovered	Cost of providing hands on skill training/on the job training to students	2.40	1.20
under the Scheme, may also be considered for financial Assistance as per the norms of the	Cost of Assessment and Certification @ Rs. 600/- for Class X and XII	0.96	0.48
scheme.	Office Expenses/ Contingencies (including expenditure on awareness & publicity, guidance and counselling, transport, field visits,	2.00	2.00
	• Induction Training of 10 days an days for Teachers/Skill Trainers existingvocationaltrainersinrelevan day pertrainee	s including r	e-training of

VII	VII) SPORTS AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION				
16	SPORTS AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION		5,000 for Primary school 0,000 for upper primary 5, 000 for Secondary and higher secondary		

National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme (NMMSS)

The Central Sector Scheme National Means-cum-Merit Scholarship Scheme was launched in May, 2008 with the objective of awarding scholarships to meritorious students of economically weaker sections @ Rs. 500/- per month (i.e. Rs. 6000/- per annum) to arrest their drop out at class VIII and encourage them to continue study at secondary and higher secondary stage up to class XII. One lakh scholarships are awarded to selected students every year for study in class IX and their continuation up to class XII in Government, Government-aided and local body schools. Government has enhanced the rate of the scholarship under the scheme from Rs. 500/- per month (Rs. 6000/- per annum) to Rs. 1,000/- per month (Rs. 12000/- per annum) with effect from 1st April, 2017. There is a quota of scholarships for different States/UTs based on population and enrolment. Students whose parental annual income from all sources is not more than Rs. 1,50,000/- per annum are eligible to avail the scholarships. Students of NVS, KVS and residential schools are not entitled for the scholarships. There is reservation as per State Government norms. The selection of students for award of

scholarships under the scheme is made through an examination conducted by the State Governments and the lists of eligible students are provided by the respective State Government/UTs.

The scheme is boarded-on National Scholarship Portal. The Scholarships are disbursed through the State Bank of India, directly by electronic transfer into the accounts of students through Public Financial Management System (PFMS). 100% funds are provided by the Central Government for the Scheme.

In order to enhance accuracy and streamline the process of application verification and disbursal of scholarships under NSP, a special was undertaken fro de-activation and re-registration of all Schools/Institutes.

National Scheme of Incentive to Girls for Secondary Education(NSIGSE)

The centrally sponsored Mational Scheme of Incentive to Girls for Secondary Education (NSIGSE)+was launched in May 2008. The objective of the scheme is to establish an enabling environment to reduce drop outs and to promote the enrolment of girl child belonging to SC/ST communities in secondary schools and ensure their retention. The scheme covers (i) all girls belonging to SC/ST communities who pass class VIII and (ii) all girls who pass VIII examination from Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas (irrespective of whether they belong to SC/ST) and enroll in class IX in State Government, Government-aided and Local Body schools.

According to the scheme, a sum of Rs.3000/- is deposited in the name of eligible unmarried girls as fixed deposit on enrolment in class IX, who are entitled to withdraw it along with interest thereon upon reaching 18 years of age and passing class 10th class examination. The Indian Bank and Union Bank of India are the implementing agency for the scheme. The scheme is boarded-on National Scholarship Portal and covered under the Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT).

The NSIGSE scheme being re-designed for enhance effectiveness implementation.
